



Series of Tutorials number 0 - Math2

Exercise 1

Among the following sets, identify those that are vector subspaces:

$$1) E_1 = \{(x, y, z, t) \in \mathbb{R}^4 \mid x = t \text{ et } y = z\}$$

$$2) E_2 = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid z = 1\}$$

$$3) E_3 = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 + xy \geq 0\}$$

$$4) E_4 = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x + y + z = 0\}$$

Exercise 2

Are the following families linearly independent?

i. $u_1 = (1, 0, 1)$, $u_2 = (0, 2, 2)$ and $u_3 = (3, 7, 1)$ in \mathbb{R}^3 .

ii. $v_1 = (1, 0, 0)$, $v_2 = (0, 1, 1)$ and $v_3 = (1, 1, 1)$ in \mathbb{R}^3 .

Exercise 3

In \mathbb{R}^3 , consider the following subset:

$$E_1 = \{(a + b, b - 3a, a) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid a, b \in \mathbb{R}\}.$$

1. Show that E_1 is a subspace of \mathbb{R}^3 .
2. Determine a basis B_1 for E_1 .
3. Consequently, deduce the dimension of E_1 , denoted as $\dim E_1$.

Exercise 4 (SUPP)

Let f be a function defined by:

$$f: \mathbb{R}^3 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \\ (x, y, z) \longrightarrow f(x, y, z) = (2y - 2z, x + y - 2z).$$

1. Show that f is a linear function.
2. Determine $\text{Ker } f$, the kernel of f , then provide a basis for $\text{Ker } f$ and deduce the dimension of $\text{Ker } f$.
3. Is f injective?
4. Give $\dim(\text{Im } f)$.
5. Is f surjective?