

Exercise 1.

Give the next four numbers in each of the following hex sequences.

1. $2A6; 2A7; 2A8; \dots$
2. $C997; C998; \dots$

Exercise 2.

1. *Convert the following decimal numbers to binary, octal and hexadecimal.*

17; 75; 154; 1548.

2. *Convert the following numbers to decimal.*

$10011_2; 100001_2; 26_8; 137_8; 1AC_{16}; 2DF_{16}$.

3. *Convert the following numbers to octal, hexadecimal.*

$110111011_2; 1001101_2; 1111010_2; 11001_2$.

4. *Convert the following numbers to hexadecimal.*

$543_8; 142_8; 2103_8; 1264_8$.

5. *Convert the following numbers to octal.*

$4AC_{16}; 9FF_{16}; B6_{16}; 45_{16}$.

Exercise 3.

1. *Use the Newton's Binomial Theorem to develop*

$$(a + 1)^5.$$

2. *Deduce the numerical representation of the fifth power of thirteen in the radix twelve representation.*

Exercise 4.

1. Convert the following decimal numbers to binary, octal and hexadecimal.

$$147.25; 252.3125; 245.7125.$$

2. Convert the following numbers to decimal.

$$1101.011_2; 110110.10011_2; 146.54_8; 2C.4_{16}.$$

3. Convert the following numbers to octal, hexadecimal.

$$1001.011_2; 100.1101_2.$$

4. Convert the following numbers to hexadecimal.

$$23.5_8; 74.2_8.$$

5. Convert the following numbers to octal.

$$4F.4_{16}; 2A.F_{16}.$$

Exercise 5. Find the radix x of the arithmetic equation

$$\frac{302_x}{20_x} = 12.1_x.$$

Exercise 6. Do the binary arithmetic.

1. $11011 + 1011.$

2. $11101 - 1101.$

3. $1101 \times 101.$

4. $100001 \div 1011.$